

Amendments to the Claims

1. (original) A computer-executable method, comprising:
determining if a child window of a parent window is a legacy window;
if so, causing the child window output to be redirected to an off-screen
5 buffer;
retrieving the child window output from the off-screen buffer;
applying a visual enhancement to the child window output; and
composing a visual representation of the parent window with the visually
enhanced child window output.

10 2. (original) The method recited in claim 1, wherein the legacy window
is configured to be administered by a legacy display component having fewer
visual enhancements than a Media Integration Layer (MIL) component.

3. (original) The method recited in claim 2, wherein causing the child
window output to be redirected comprises instructing the legacy display
15 component to redirect the child window output to the off-screen buffer.

4. (original) The method recited in claim 3, wherein the legacy display
component comprises a user subcomponent and a Graphics Device Interface
subcomponent.

5 5. (original) The method recited in claim 1, wherein the visual enhancement comprises a selected one or more from a group comprising re-sizing, re-shaping, relocating window component output, applying transparency, rotating and translating window component output, and applying a texture or visual effect to the window component output.

 6. (original) The method recited in claim 1, wherein the visual enhancement comprises scaling the child window output to reflect a different screen resolution than originally applicable.

10 7. (currently amended) The method recited in claim 2 4, wherein composing the visual representation of the parent window is performed by the MIL component.

 8. (original) A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the method recited in claim 1.

9. (previously presented) A computer-executable method, comprising:
receiving a notification that an input event occurred, the input event
including a location on a screen display, the location being within a boundary of a
parent window that includes at least one child window, the parent window being
5 compatible with a MIL component;

determining where on the parent window the input event occurred by:

evaluating the notification to identify which of a plurality of
windows corresponds to the location;

if the location is within a boundary of a non-legacy child window,
10 evaluating where on the non-legacy child window the input event occurred;

if the location is within a boundary of a legacy child window, the
child window being a legacy window that does not have native capability to
interact with the MIL component, referring the notification to a legacy
display component; and

15 notifying an appropriate child window of the input event, the
appropriate child window corresponding to the location.

10. (original) The method recited in claim 9, further comprising:

receiving a notification that the input event occurred within a boundary of
a second child window, the second child window being a child of the first child
20 window, and repeating the determination step for the first child window.

11. (original) The method recited in claim 9, wherein evaluating the notification comprises evaluating data structures associated with the MIL component that describe relationships between the parent window and a plurality of child windows on the parent window.

5 12. (original) The method recited in claim 11, wherein the data structures do not include information about other windows that are legacy children of legacy child windows on the parent window.

10 13. (original) The method recited in claim 11, wherein the data structures include information about other windows that are non-legacy children of legacy child windows on the parent window.

14. (original) The method recited in claim 9, wherein the determining step is a cooperative process between the MIL component and the legacy display component.

15 15. (original) The method recited in claim 14, wherein the legacy display component maintains information about the layout of legacy child windows, and wherein the MIL component maintains information about the layout of non-legacy child windows.

16. (original) A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the method recited in claim 9.

17. (original) A computer-executable medium having computer-executable components, comprising

5 a user component configured to create an off-screen buffer upon detecting the presence of a legacy child window of a parent window;

a GDI component configured to redirect window output from the legacy child window upon being notified by the user component of the existence of the legacy child window; and

10 a MIL component configured to apply a visual enhancement to the redirected window output in connection with composing the parent window for display on a display device.

18. (currently amended) The ~~method~~ computer-executable medium recited in claim 17, wherein the user component maintains data structures that
15 describe a layout and position of the legacy child window and its legacy children.

19. (currently amended) The ~~method~~ computer-executable medium recited in claim 17, wherein the MIL component maintains data structures that describe a layout and position of the parent window and its children.

20. (currently amended) The ~~method~~ computer-executable medium recited in claim 19, wherein the visual enhancement is at least one of a plurality of visual enhancements comprising re-sizing, re-shaping, relocating window component output, applying transparency, rotating and translating window component output, applying a texture or visual effect to the window component output, and scaling the legacy child window output to reflect a different screen resolution than originally applicable.

21. (currently amended) The ~~method~~ computer-executable medium recited in claim 17, wherein the MIL component is further configured to interact with the user component and the GDI component to identify a location on a child window of the parent window corresponding to a location of an input event.

22. (previously presented) A computer-readable medium having computer executable instructions comprising:

in a system having a display component for issuing instructions to notify a parent window of a child window of the creation of a redirected child window, means for notifying the parent window that the redirected child window is being or has been set up.

23. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 22, wherein the means for notifying the parent comprises a window message

indicating that the redirected child window is being created.

24. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 23, wherein the window message includes a window handle to the redirected child window.

5 25. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 22, wherein the means for notifying the parent comprises a window message indicating that the redirected child window is about to be shown.

10 26. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 25, wherein the window message includes a window handle to the redirected child window.

27. (previously presented) A computer-readable medium having computer executable instructions comprising:

15 in a system having a display component for issuing instructions to notify a parent window of a child window of the creation of a redirected child window, means for notifying the parent window of a change that affects the redirected child window.

28. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 27, wherein the means for notifying the parent comprises a window message indicating that the redirected child window has been updated.

29. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 28,
5 wherein the window message further comprises information that describes the change to the redirected child window.

30. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 27, wherein the means for notifying the parent comprises a window message indicating that the redirected child window has experienced a change in z-order.

10 31. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 30, wherein the window message further comprises a handle to a previous window in the z-order.

32. (original) The computer-readable medium recited in claim 27, wherein the means for notifying the parent comprises a window message
15 indicating that the redirected child window has been destroyed.